

Year 12

# Information Literacy

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Lesson 2: Library website, JSTOR, Google searching

# What is it?

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Skills necessary to search, locate, evaluate, and use information efficiently and ethically.

## Why bother?

- “Age of information” (TMI)
- Save time
- Better grades
- Prepare for university



# Library Website

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- **Where:** First go to the main St. George's website. Follow the "Library" link at the bottom of the page.
- **How:** The library website is accessible with any electronic device with internet access.
- **Who:** Accessible to the public. No password required.
- **What:** Links to library resources, internet resources (general and subject-based), university help, wellness and safety information, local activities, library information



What is it? An electronic database of academic literature. You need a subscription to access these materials.

What can we get? Academic articles

What is an academic article?

- Written by scholars (graduate students, university professors, academics, professionals)
- Peer reviewed (sometimes)
- Published in academic/professional journals (highly specialized by domain/subject area)
- Collected and made available in electronic databases (usually subscription-based) or in print (at public/university libraries)

Why do we care?

- Academic articles support your own research (EE/university)
- You will need to read/use them in university
- Knowing how to find them will save you time
- Contains new and cutting-edge research (not in text books)

# Log in to JSTOR

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- JSTOR Username = st.georges
- JSTOR Password = switzerland

# Searching JSTOR

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## Basic Search

Search phrases, keywords, authors or titles without any special formatting

Limit of 200 characters

Broad list of results

## Advanced Search

Must enter text in 2 fields (can add more fields)

Limit of 250 characters

Can specify access type (we will use “Read and download”)

Narrower list of results

# More ways to narrow JSTOR search results

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- **Full-text** (all content- searches everything)
- **Author** (don't use quotation marks around the author's name)
- **Title** of article/book/pamphlet/review
- searching only **abstracts** (we will discuss what this is later)
- The **date range**
- The **language**
- The **ISBN**
- The **discipline or journal**

Example: Search **sonnets** (use the basic search at the top of the page). How many results? Search **sonnets** (Full-Text); and **Shakespeare** (Author). How many results?

# Boolean Operators: AND, OR, NOT





# Boolean Operators

(works for JSTOR and other search engines)

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- **AND**: Tells the search engine to return results that have BOTH/ALL search terms present. **Narrows** search results.

Example: (Go to "Advanced Search." Use Basic Search text box on top.) Search **unicorns**. How many results? Search **unicorns AND maidens**. How many results?

- **OR**: Tells search engine to return results that have EITHER/ANY of search term present. **Expands** search results.

Example: Search **unicorns OR maidens**. How many results?

- **NOT**: Tells search engine to exclude results that have a search terms present. **Narrows** search results.

Example: Search **unicorns NOT myth**. Compare to search for **unicorns**.

- Using parentheses: When your search query includes multiple Boolean operators, they must be grouped properly.

Example: **((unicorns) AND ((maidens OR virgins)))**

# Finding a specific phrase, title, or author

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- Use **quotations marks** to limit search to an exact phrase

Example: (Go to Advanced Search. Use Basic Search box at top of page.) Search **spice girls**. How many results? Now search **"spice girls"**. How many results?



# Browsing JSTOR

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- by subject
- by title of journal/book/research report/pamphlet
- by publisher

Example: Browse by subject>History>(journals)>French Historical Studies

Example: Browse by subject>Music>(journals)>Bach

# Searching by topic

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- If a term is present in an article at least three times, a **topic** is applied to that article
- Each article can have up to 10 **topics** assigned to it
- Article pages have a list of **topics**
- Click on a topic to see other articles that are tagged with this **topic**

# JSTOR support

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- All these helpful tips, and more, can be found on JSTOR>Support>Students

<https://support.jstor.org/hc/en-us/sections/115001391007-Students>

# Google Search Techniques

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YouTube Video: “How to Google like a Pro: Top 10 Google search tips & tricks” (5:40)



# The End

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All information in this slide presentation can be found on the St. George's library website. ("Research Tips")